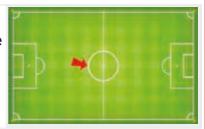


1. Vocabulary: **English**

The pitch:

centre circle

Example: The centre circle is a large circle around the centre spot. For the kick-off the opposing players must not enter the centre circle.



2.

Vocabulary: The pitch: English

centre spot

Example: The centre spot is a small circle in the middle of the pitch. The ball is put on the centre spot at the start of the game.

3.

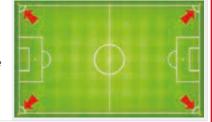
Vocabulary:

English

The pitch:

corners

Example: In each of the four corners of the pitch, there is a small semi-circle with a flag. You take corner kicks from this semi-circle



4.

Vocabulary:

English

The pitch:

goal lines

Example: The **goal lines** go along the two ends of the pitch.



5.

Vocabulary:

English

The pitch:

goal

Example: The part of the pitch where the ball must go for the team to score. The goal has two posts, a

crossbar and a net





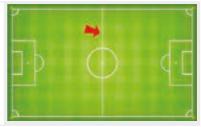
6. Vocabulary:

The pitch:

English halfway line

Example: The halfway line goes across the middle of the

pitch.



7. Vocabulary:

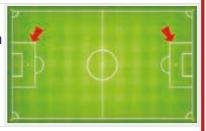
The pitch:

English penalty area

Example: The **penalty area** is a large rectangular zone in

front of the goal. The goalkeeper can't use his

hands outside the area.



8. Vocabulary:

The pitch:

English penalty spot

Example: The **penalty spot** is a small circle inside the

penalty area. You take penalties from the penalty spot.

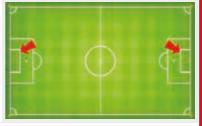
9.

Vocabulary: The pitch: **English** six yard box

Example:

The **six yard box** (or "goal area") is a small rectangular zone in front of the goal. You take

goal kicks from inside the box.



10.

Vocabulary:

The pitch:

English

touch lines

Example: The **touch lines** go along the two sides of the

pitch.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: The pitch

Write the English words related to the different parts of a football pitch under the pictures.



Vocabulary: English

The pitch:



Vocabulary: English

The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:

Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Vocabulary: English

The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Vocabulary: English
The pitch:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: The pitch

Fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!
 The _______ is where the players have to put the ball to score.
 The ______ mark the sides of the pitch. If a ball goes over these, the ball is out of play and a throw-in is given.
 The ______ is where the ball is placed before kick-off.
 The _____ is the area in which the goalkeeper can use his hands.
 The _____ is the place where the ball is put before a penalty is taken.
 There are 4 _____ around the pitch. Each of them has a flag in it.
 The _____ is a small area around the goal. Goalkeepers place the ball inside this area before taking goal kicks.
 The _____ is around the centre spot.
 The _____ is around to side at both ends of the pitch.



1. Vocabulary: **English**

Action:

shin pads

Example: You wear shin pads inside your socks to protect your legs against injury. Shin pads are

also called "shin guards".



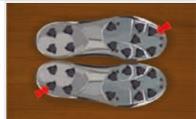
2. Vocabulary: English

Action:

studs

Example: **Studs** are small flat-topped objects like nails on the bottom of football boots. The studs give

the player a better grip on the field.



3.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

shorts

Example: You wear shorts over the top part of your legs.

Football **shorts** often have stripes on the side.



4.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

cap

Example: A cap is a hat which has a rim at the front. Goalkeepers sometimes wear caps to protect

their eyes from the sun or rain.



5.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

boots

Example: **Boots** are a type of shoe used for playing

several sports. Football boots have to be

strong but not too heavy.





6. Vocabulary:

Action:

English armband

Example: An armband is a piece of material worn around

the arm. Team captains wear **armbands** so that the referee can identify them easily.

7. Vocabulary:

Action:

English

gloves

Example: You wear gloves on your hands. Goalkeepers

often wear gloves to protect their hands against hard shots and help them catch the

ball.

8. Vocabulary:

Action:

English

socks

You wear socks to cover your feet and the bottom part of your legs. Football socks usually reach up to the knee.



9.

Vocabulary:

Action:

English

tracksuit

Example: A tracksuit is a suit of warm material which fits loosely on your body. Footballers wear

tracksuits for training and warming up.



10.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

shirt

Example: You wear a **shirt** over the top part of your body. Football shirts often have a symbol of

the club over the heart.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Clothes

Write the English words for the clothes under the pictures .



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Clothes

fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!
1. Goalkeepers wear on their hands to protect them from powerful shots.
2. Footballers wear on their feet. They need to be strong, but they also need to be light.
3 are small lumps that stick out of the sole of a football boot. They help stop players from slipping on the pitch.
4. A is a type of hat with a brim at the front to shade your eyes from the sun and the rain.
5 are worn inside a player's socks. They protect the players lower legs in tackles.
6. Players wear on their lower halves. These often have stripes down the sides.
7. The captain wears an so that the referee can tell who he is from a distance.
8. Footballers wear long that come up to their knees.
9. Football are brightly coloured and have the players name and number on the back.
10. Players wear when they are warming up and training.



1. Vocabulary: Officiating: English referee

Example: The referee is the main match official, making sure that the rules are applied. He must wear different colours from the players.



2. Vocabulary:

Officiating:

English assistant referee

Example: The two assistant referees ("linesmen") help the referee to apply the rules. They run up and down the sides of the touchlines.



Vocabulary: English fourth Officiating: official

3.

Example: The fourth official gives support to the referee from the touchline. For example, he decides

how much injury time to add on.



4.

English Vocabulary: Officiating: yellow card

Example: The **yellow card** is used to show that a player

has been cautioned.



5.

English Vocabulary: Officiating: red card

Example: If the referee shows the **red card** to a player,

he must leave the pitch.





6 Vocabulary: English offside

Example: A player is in an offside position if he is nearer to his opponents' goal line than both the ball

and the second-last opponent.



7. Vocabulary: English

Officiating:

Officiating:

whistle

Example: The referee uses a whistle to control the game. When he blows the **whistle** play stops or starts.

8.

Vocabulary: **English**

Officiating:

handball

Example: Handball is when a player (except the goalkeeper) deliberately touches the ball with his hands. If this happens inside the area, it's a

penalty.

9.

Vocabulary:

English

Officiating:

flag

Example: The assistant referees use flags to signal that something is wrong. When an assistant referee

waves his **flag**, the referee stops play.



10.

English Vocabulary:

Officiating:

foul

Example: A foul is an action which breaks the rules of the

game.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Officiating

Write the English words connected with officiating a match under the pictures .



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Officiating

fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!
1. The is the main official responsible for making sure the players do not break the rules of the game.
2. When a referee wants to stop the game, he /she blows on a
3. When a player breaks the rules of the game, it is called a
4. If a player is nearer the opponants' goal line than the opponants' players when a ball is passed to him, he is
5. There are two and they help the referee by watching the action from the touchlines.
6. If an assistant referee sees something wrong, he /she signals by raising a
7. It is a when a player, other than the goalkeeper, deliberately controls the ball using his hand.
8. The supports the referee from the touchline and decides how much extra time to add at the end of the game.
9. If a player commits two serious fouls or one really serious foul, the referee shows the player a and the player has to leave the pitch.
10. When the referee wants to caution a player for committing a foul, the referee shows the player a



English 1. Vocabulary: More officiating: appeal

Example: If a player thinks that the referee has made a bad decision, he can appeal to try to persuade the referee to change his decision.



2. Vocabulary: **English** More officiating: body language

Example: The referee uses body language to communicate with the players and assistant referees because the pitch is too large and noisy for people to hear what the referee says.



3. **English** Vocabulary: More officiating: caution

Example: If a player breaks the rules, the referee will caution him with a yellow card. This is a warning for the player and if he breaks the rules again, he may be sent off.



Vocabulary: **English** 4. More officiating: coin-toss

Example: Before the match, the referee uses a coin-toss to decide which team kicks off first. The team captains each pick heads or tails and the

referee flips the coin.



5. **English** Vocabulary: More officiating: direct free-kick

Example: If a player commits a serious foul, then the referee will give the other team a direct

free-kick. The attacking team can score from a direct free kick.





6. Vocabulary: More officiating: **English** drop-ball

Example: A drop-ball is a way of restarting play without giving ether team an advantage. The referee will do this when play is stopped for an unusual

reason.



7. Vocabulary:

More officiating:

English indirect free-kick

Example: If a player commits a minor foul, the referee may award an indirect free-kick. The attacking team can not score from an indirect free-kick.

8. Vocabulary:

More officiating:

English

sending off

Example: If a player commits a red card offence, the referee will punish the player by sending him off the pitch.

9.

Vocabulary:

More officiating:

English stretcher

Example: If a player is badly hurt, the medics will carry the player off the pitch on a **stretcher**.



10.

Vocabulary:

More officiating:

English suspension

Example: If a player is sent off, normally he is also punished with a **suspension**. This means that he can't play for at least the next match in the competition.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: More officiating

Write the English words under the pictures.



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English
Officiating:

Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English
Officiating:



Vocabulary: English
Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English
Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Vocabulary: English

Officiating:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: More officiating

Fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!

1.	The striker leapt in the air and deliberately controlled the ball with his arm. This was his second offence so he was by the referee.			
2.	The striker went down and the referee blew his whistle. The defender tried to, but the referee wouldn't change his mind. The referee pointed at the penalty spot.			
	The defender brought down the attacker with a terrible late tackle just outside the penalty area. The referee gave the attacking team a			
4.	When a fan tried to run onto the pitch, the referee blew the whistle to stop play. He restarted play with a			
5.	5. The midfielder committed a second foul. He was shown a red card and given a one match			
6.	The defensive line caught the striker offside. The referee awarded an			
7.	The player fell to the floor holding his ankle in pain. The medics ran onto the pitch and helped the injured player onto a			
8.	Despite the foul, the referee decided to play advantage. The referee used to signal that that play should continue.			
9.	The attacker was brought down by a heavy tackle and the defender was for dangerous play.			
10	D. United's captain won the so got to choose in which half of the pitch they would start the match.			

9 - cautioned, 10 - coin-toss.



1. Vocabulary: **English**

The match:

warm-up

Example: The warm-up is when players prepare their bodies for the game. The teams usually do a warm-up on the pitch before the game starts.



2.

Vocabulary: English

The match:

toss-up

Example: The toss-up is when the referee throws a coin in the air before the game. If the captain wins the toss, he decides which end to play.



3.

Vocabulary: English

The match:

kick-off

Example: The kick-off is when a player passes the ball to start the game. The ball has to be on the centre

spot for the kick-off.



4.

English Vocabulary:

The match:

first half

Example: The first half is the initial 45 minutes of the game. However, a few minutes are usually added on at the end of the first half.



5.

English Vocabulary:

The match:

half-time

Example: **Half-time** is when the teams have a break at the end of the first half. There are usually 15

minutes of half-time





6 Vocabulary:

The match:

English

second half

Example: The second half is the last 45 minutes of the game. When the teams return to the pitch after

half-time, the second half starts.

7. Vocabulary:

The match:

English

full-time

Example: Full-time is the end of the 90 minutes of the

normal time of the game. But some minutes are usually added on after full-time.



8.

Vocabulary:

The match:

English

injury time

Example: Injury time is the time added on after full time for interruptions during the game. There are usually three or four minutes of injury time.



9.

Vocabulary: The match: **English**

final whistle

Example: The **final whistle** is when the referee signals the end of the game. The referee blows the final whistle at the end of the game.



10.

Vocabulary:

English The match:

extra-time

Example: **Extra-time** is an additional 30 minutes of play in a cup game when the two teams are tied

(e.a. 0-0 or 1-1).





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: The match

Write the English words related to the different stages of a football match under the pictures.



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Vocabulary: English

The match:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: The match



1. Vocabulary: Action: team

English

Example: A team is a group of footballers playing together. There are 20 teams in the Premier

League.



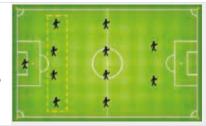
2. Vocabulary: **English**

Action:

defenders

Example: **Defenders** play at the back of the team. The iob of a **defender** is to stop the attacks of the

other team.



3. Vocabulary: English

Action:

captain

Example: The captain is the leader of the team. The two

captains shake hands before the game.



4.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

full-backs

Example: Full-backs play at the sides of the defence. Many **full-backs** also help the team to attack.



5.

Vocabulary:

English

Action:

centre-backs

Example: Centre-backs play in the middle of the

defence. Most teams have two centre-backs.





6. Vocabulary:

Action:

English wingers

Example: Wingers play at the sides of the midfield and

the attack. Most **wingers** can usually run fast.



7. Vocabulary:

Action:

English **goalkeeper**

Example: The **goalkeeper** tries to stop the other team

scoring goals. **Goalkeepers** can use their

hands.



8. Vocabulary:

Action:

English strikers

Strikers play at the front of the team. Most of the goals come from **strikers**.



9. Vocabulary:

Action:

English substitute

Example: A **substitute** comes onto the pitch in place of

another player. **Substitutes** don't start the game.



10. Vocabulary:

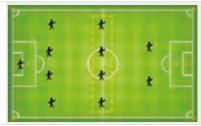
Action:

English

midfielders

Example: Midfielders play in the centre of the team. A

midfielder must defend and attack.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Players

Write the English words for the players under the pictures .



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Vocabulary: English

Actions:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Players

Fill in the gaps in the vocabulary!	e sentences with the correct form of the English football			
1. The is ball with his feet and	the person who stands in the goal and tries to stop the d hands.			
2. The winjured.	as brought on in the second-half after the midfielder was			
3. The st attacking.	ay near their goal and try to stop the other team from			
4. The st keeper protect the	ay in the middle of the defence. They help the goal- goal.			
5. The are scoring goals.	re the players who play at the front and are good at			
6. The pl the strikers.	ay in the middle of the pitch. They try to pass the ball to			
7. The pl as well as defend.	ay on the outside of the defence. They often help attack			
8. The tr that the referee known	ies to lead the team. He usually wears an armband so ows who he is.			
9. The pl fast.	ay on the sides of the pitch. They need to be able to run			
10. In football, there are 11 players on a				



1. Vocabulary:

Stadium:

English

commentary box

Example:

The **commentary box** is where the commentators sit. These are the people who describe the action for people watching on TV or listening to the radio.

2. Vocabulary:

Stadium:

English

club shop

Example: The **club shop** is the place to go if you want to buy a football shirt or other merchandise from

a football club.



3. Vocabulary:

Stadium:

English

gate

Example: Stadiums are very large and so they have lots of gates. You have to go in the right gate to

find your seat in the stadium.



4.

Vocabulary:

Stadium:

English terrace

Example:

Terraces are rows of concrete steps where people can stand to watch a football match. There are no **terraces** in UK stadiums anvmore. but they are still common around the world.



5.

Vocabulary:

English

Stadium:

scoreboard

Example: The **scoreboard** is a where important information about the match is displayed. Sometimes **scoreboards** have big televisions that show replays as well as the score.





6. Vocabulary: **English**

Stadium:

ground

Example: The ground is the pitch, stadium, car park and any other buildings attached to a football club.

7. Vocabulary: **English**

Stadium:

dressing room

Example: The **dressing room** is where the players get changed before and after the match. At half-time, the players go back to the dressing room and talk to the manager.



8. Vocabulary: **English**

Stadium:

tunnel

Example: The **tunnel** is the passage onto the pitch from

the dressing room.



9. Vocabulary: **English**

Stadium:

bench

Example: The bench is where the manager, coaches and substitutes sit during the match. If a player is 'on the bench'. it means that they are not

playing.



10. Vocabulary: English

Stadium:

end

Example: Supporters from different clubs sit at opposite ends of the stadium. Stadiums have a home end for their own supporters and an away end for the visiting team's supporters.

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Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Stadium

Write the English words for the actions under the pictures .



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Vocabulary: English

Stadium:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Stadium

Fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!

1. I love the atmosphere at the stadium. I get excited as soon as I arrive at the
2. The visiting fans in the away were singing and cheering to support their team.
3. The three substitutes were watching the match closely from the waiting for their chance to play.
4. If you enter the stadium through the wrong, you'll never find your seat.
5. The visiting team lost the match. They walked back to the slowly to get changed and go home.
6. The commentators have a good view of the pitch in the They need a good view so that they can accurately describe the action.
7. The cheapest tickets are for the, but you have to stand up for the whole match.
8. You can buy all kinds of souvenirs and club merchandise at the
9. If you forget who is winning, don't worry. You can always look up at the!
10. The two teams line up in the, before coming onto the pitch.

Jo - tunnel.

7 - terraces, 8 - club shop, 9 - scoreboard,

Answers: 1 - ground, 2 - end, 3 - bench, 4 - gate, 5 - dressing room, 6 - commentary box,



Vocabulary: English
 Supporting: rattle

Example: A **rattle** is an instrument which makes a loud noise when you turn it quickly. Some fans use

rattles to support their team.

2. Vocabulary: English
Supporting: turnstile

Example: You enter the stadium through a turnstile. The

turnstiles record the number of spectators at

each game (the "attendance").



3. Vocabulary: English Supporting: stands

Example: You watch the game from the **stands**. Your

match ticket tells you which seat is yours in the

stand.

4. Vocabulary: EnglishSupporting: stadium

Example: Stadiums are where the matches take place.



5. Vocabulary: EnglishSupporting: scarf

Example: You wear a **scarf** around your neck. Football

scarves usually have the colours of the team.





6 Vocabulary:

Supporting:

English match programme

Example: You can buy the match programme if you

want to have information about the game, like

the names of the players.



7. Vocabulary:

Supporting:

English match ticket

Example: You need to buy a match ticket to watch a

specific game. Some fans buy "season" tickets

for all their team's games in a season.



8. Vocabulary:

Supporting:

English

klaxon

Example: A klaxon is an instrument like a trumpet which makes a very loud noise. Some fans blow klaxons when their team is playing well.

9.

Vocabulary:

English

Supporting:

fans

Example: Fans are enthusiastic followers of a specific team or of football in general. Many fans belong to the fan clubs of their favourite teams.

10.

Vocabulary:

English

Supporting:

banner

Example: A banner is a long piece of cloth with writing on it. Football fans sometimes hold banners up

with messages about their teams.





Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Supporting

Write the English words related to supporting a football club under the pictures.



Vocabulary: English
Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Vocabulary: English

Supporting:



Test Your Football Vocabulary

Football Vocabulary: Supporting

Fill in the gaps in the sentences with the correct form of the English football vocabulary!			
1. A is an enthusiastic supporter of a footbal club.			
2. A is a very large buildings where football matches take place.			
3. You need a to get into the stadium to watch a match.			
4. You can buy a and find out information about the match.			
5. When supporters enter the stadium, they have to walk through a which counts the number of spectators.			
6. The seats are arranged in rows around the stadium in the			
7. Football supporters often wear around their necks in their team colours.			
8. Sometimes, supporters like to blow on to encourage their team.			
9. Some supporters like to use to show support for their team. They turn them quickly to make a loud noise.			
10. Football supporters sometimes make with messages of support for their team that they can hold up during matches.			